

Fair Tonight  
And Thursday.

# The Washington Times

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## ROOSEVELT MEN SEE BIG GAINS IN CAROLINAS

Old North State Will Line  
Up for Former  
President.

### WANT A CANDIDATE SURE OF WINNING

Encouraging Reports Come to  
Headquarters From Illinois  
and California.

By JUDSON C. WELLIVER.

Following the passage of a Presidential primary act in Massachusetts which assures a Roosevelt delegation from that State, the national Roosevelt headquarters today issued a claim that Mr. Taft will not get a single district in North Carolina.

The Old North State is claimed for Roosevelt, and this claim is borne out, too, by information which comes to some of the Democratic headquarters in Washington, that have been keeping in close touch with the State.

In eastern North Carolina are many counties in which the white Republican vote far outnumbers the white Democratic vote, and these are lining up for Roosevelt with an approach to unanimity that is giving deep concern to the Taft people.

Unfortunate for Taft.

This is the more unfortunate for the Administration people, because there is a real Republican party in North Carolina, that has a way of capturing several districts in the Congressional elections. At present the State has not a single Republican, because they were all swept out by the Democratic landslide of 1908. But four districts were formerly represented by Republicans, and these all have vigorous fights in progress, looking to the recapture of the Congressmen this year.

The Roosevelt movement in these districts is based on the conviction that if a strong candidate is named for President it will be possible to reclaim the losses of 1908, while if a weak nomination is made the Republican chances will be much less.

A dispatch from Winston, N. C., states that the Stanley county convention enthusiastically endorsed Roosevelt at its meeting at Greensboro, the vote being 79 for Roosevelt to 1 for Taft. "This beats the Kansas ratio," observe the writer of the message.

Gain in South Carolina.

Even in South Carolina it is proving impossible to secure instructions for Taft. A dispatch came today from Union, S. C., saying that the fourth district had selected two delegates to the Republican convention, F. J. Young and T. J. Baker, without instructions. The Taft people made a determined effort to instruct, but failed, 15 to 8. The instructed delegates are frankly understood by the Taft forces to be for Roosevelt.

The general disposition of Southern Republicans to get in line for a candidate who can win is giving great satisfaction to the Roosevelt forces. Advices from many districts say that instructions will have very little weight this year, if when they get to the convention city it is apparent that party success is going to depend on the nomination of some other man than the one for whom instructions have been given.

Most encouraging news came to the Roosevelt people today from Illinois, where Congressman William V. Wilson, who has been in Chicago, his home, conferred with Chairman Dixon and told him that it is as good as settled that Cook county will get a Presidential expression in its primary, and that there is no doubt of Roosevelt winning, any observation, based on the polls, etc., is that Roosevelt will carry every district in the city, unless possibly Lorimer's, and that he is about a four-to-one favorite.

Man Who Can Win.

"Down State, in the rural counties, the situation is, if anything, stronger for Roosevelt. Illinois is one State where both the politicians and the people are for the former President, because he is recognized by the politicians as the man who can win."

Mr. Wilson is the only one of the Chicago Congressmen to declare for Roosevelt; the others are keeping mum, waiting to see the course of developments. They are getting word from home which has made it utterly impossible for them to take any action.

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### WEATHER REPORT.

FORECAST FOR THE DISTRICT.

Fair, colder tonight, temperature about freezing, Thursday, fair.

### TEMPERATURES.

11 A. M. BUREAU 41 F. 11 A. M. FLETCHER'S 45

5 A. M. 40 9 A. M. 47

10 A. M. 41 10 A. M. 47

11 A. M. 41 11 A. M. 47

12 Noon 42 12 Noon 47

1 P. M. 46 1 P. M. 52

2 P. M. 48 2 P. M. 58

### TIDE TABLE.

Today—High tide, 3:54 a. m. and 4:04 p. m.; low tide, 10:29 a. m. and 10:36 p. m.

Tomorrow—High tide, 4:50 a. m. and 5:07 p. m.; low tide, 11:22 a. m. and 11:36 p. m.

SUN TABLE.  
Sun rises... 6:15 Sun sets... 6:05

## Recent Wrecks of Fast Trains in United States

January 12—Lake Shore's Twentieth Century Limited, at Chicago; ten injured.

February 6—Big Four eastbound flyer, at London, Ohio; twelve hurt.

February 16—Pennsylvania's Chicago-New York flyer, at Warrior's Ridge, Pa.; three killed and sixty-seven injured.

February 18—Pennsylvania's Chicago-New York flyer collision at Larwill, Ind.; five killed, eleven hurt.

February 21—Pennsylvania's Chicago-New York flyer, at Middletown, Pa.; two injured.

March 5—Pennsylvania's eight-eleven-hour train to Chicago, derailed at Bucyrus, Ohio.

March 7—Wabash railroad's Continental Limited, at Lebanon, Ind.; five killed and fifty hurt.

Lake Shore's Twentieth Century Limited, at Collinwood, Ohio; one killed, several injured.

Big Four's St. Louis-New York Limited, derailed at Bellefontaine, Ohio; two injured.

March 13—New York Central's Twentieth Century Limited, near Poughkeepsie; twenty injured.

## FOUR COACHES OF LIMITED PLUNGE INTO ICY HUDSON

Twenty Hurt When Cars Are  
Catapulted Into River  
Near Poughkeepsie.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., March 13.—Rushing southward at a speed exceeding sixty miles an hour, the Twentieth Century Limited from Chicago, on the New York Central, due in New York at 9:30, was wrecked at Hyde Park, six miles north of this city today. Four of the great steel cars on the end of the train were thrown from the tracks into the Hudson river, when a rail under the train broke. Twenty persons were injured, none fatally.

The train was nearly an hour late leaving Albany, and the engineer was trying to make up lost time. Part of the train had passed over the rail when it broke and the remainder of the crack river was catapulted through the air, breaking through the ice in the Hudson river, which, at this point, runs alongside of the roadbed.

The rest of the train came to a sudden stop and the uninjured trainmen and passengers started their rescue work.

The second section was derailed around the wreck and proceeded to New York.

A. H. Wettendorf, Milwaukee, ribs and right hip broken.

Mrs. A. B. White, New York, right arm broken, ribs bruised.

P. M. Sweeney, Brooklyn, badly cut about head and hands.

Dr. F. C. Warmishus, Grand Rapids, cut by glass.

William Thorm, New York, ribs broken; internal injuries.

Carl Riddington, Chicago, both hands cut off.

Amanda Gustavov, Chicago, left arm fractured.

Mrs. F. F. Fornes, New York, cut by glass.

Mrs. H. Baruch, Brooklyn, right arm broken, cut by glass.

M. Louise Boggs, Chicago, badly cut and bruised and possible internal injuries.

Miss Alice Micken, Auburn, N. Y., broken ribs, cut head, and possible internal injuries.

When the train broke through the ice and went into the river the passengers were thrown into the air, broke the windows and crawled out on the ice, the injured being assisted by their more fortunate fellows. They were carried to shore.

(Continued on Second Page.)

## PRINCE WILLING TO WORK FOR HEIRESS

Ludovic Pignatelli d'Aragon  
Intends to Miss Mary Duke  
and \$60,000,000.

NEW YORK, March 13.—Having announced that he is willing to go to work if his father-in-law-to-be will get him a job he can hold down without too much labor, Prince Ludovic Pignatelli d'Aragon, who is engaged to marry Miss Mary L. Duke, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Newton Duke, and heiress to the Duke fortune, which exceeds \$60,000,000.

Friends of the Duke family admitted today formal announcement of the engagement might be expected very soon. It was explained that Duke opposed the marriage because he said he did not want anyone in his family who did not work. The prince, however, expressed a willingness to take a job and thus overcome the Duke scruples.

The prince, whose title dates from the seventeenth century and is one of the best in Italy, came here last August, carefully explaining he was "not seeking a wife."

However, he met Miss Duke and paid her such assiduous attention that an understanding was soon arrived at. Mr. Duke and his daughter will sail for Paris shortly and it is understood the ceremony will be performed there.

## STRIKERS WIN AT LAWRENCE; WARFARE ENDS

Nine Weeks' Industrial  
Revolution Closes Amid  
Stirring Scenes.

### MILL OWNERS GRANT EVERY CONCESSION

Higher Wages for Workers Will  
Obtain Throughout New  
England.

LAWRENCE, Mass., March 13.—The great textile strike practically came to an end at 11:30 today when the striking mill workers accepted a schedule of increased wages offered by William M. Wood, president of the American Woolen Company.

The strikers announced they had gained virtually every concession asked when the strike was declared nine weeks ago.

The terms of settlement here will probably be applied to the entire textile industry throughout New England and New York State, and the increases, in that event, will affect more than 300,000 workers.

### Stirring Scenes At Close.

Stirring scenes marked the meeting, which probably will close the conflict that, because of the resistance of the mill owners and the aggressive tactics of the strikers, will be celebrated in American strike history. The dingy hall in the basement of which more than 2,000 men, women and children have been fed by the union for two months, resounded with the jubilant cries of the strikers. One man rushed to the platform and led in the singing of "International," which was chorused by the audience.

The Lawrence strike seemed a forlorn hope when the workers walked from the mills, leaderless, and spent two days aimlessly walking the streets. Then came Joseph E. Taylor, the fiery leader of the Industrial Workers of the World, who quickly organized the strike. When Taylor was arrested and held without bail on a charge of "murder," William M. Wood took charge of the strike and has since directed every important move in the campaign.

It is understood that within a few days Taylor and his associate, Giovanni, will be admitted to bail. The strikers have insisted for the release of these men and it has been admitted that following the settlement of the strike a way would be found to get the two strike leaders out of jail.

### Figures of Increase.

The detailed figures contained in the offers made by the American Woolen Company to its employees through the subcommittee of the Industrial Workers of the World, which conferred with President William M. Wood yesterday afternoon, were announced today.

In some instances the mill owners have offered increases of 20 per cent. In actual salary the increases offered, which are those under consideration by the strikers committee of the whole in Francis-Belgian Hall, run from \$1.08 per week down to 54 cents per week for highest paid skilled operatives.

The policy of increase which will be posted Friday in the mills here is as follows:

### One Cent An Hour Raise.

"Employees formerly receiving 25 cents per hour will receive increase of 1 cent per hour. The same increase will be given all those who formerly received over 25 cents an hour."

"A job worker will get an increase of 5 per cent. All overtime work will be paid for at time and a quarter."

### Women Win Victory.

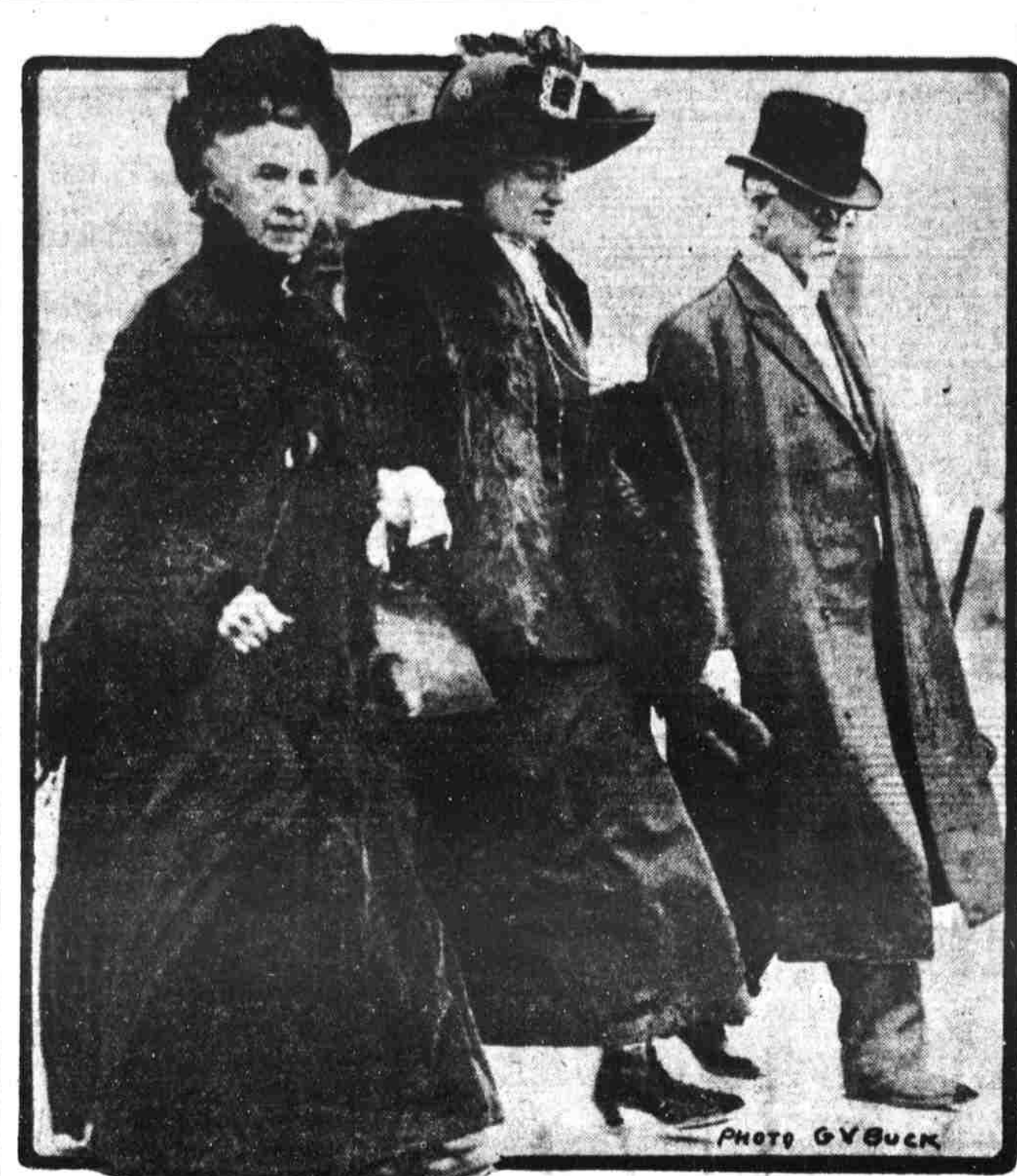
TRENTON, N. J., March 13.—After one of the most unique meetings in its history, the judiciary committee of the senate agreed unanimously to report the debated resolution amending the State constitution so as to give women the right to vote. The resolution will be reported later today.

## Last Minute News Told in Brief

### OIL STEAMER BURNS.

NEW YORK, March 13.—Fifteen stevedores narrowly escaped death and shipping along the river front was endangered when oil being loaded on the steamer Jose of the United Fruit Company, caught fire from a lantern while the steamer was being loaded at a pier. The Jose sank while being towed to the Jersey Barge. At the time of the fire 10,000 cans of kerosene and 1,000 cases of gasoline had been stored in the steamer's hold.

## Mrs. Gage's Counsel, Her Daughter, and Former's Friend



From Left to Right: Mrs. B. A. Lockwood, Miss Margaret Gage, James B. O'Reilly.

## ROBBERS SEEK TO LOOT TRAIN; BOTH MEET QUICK DEATH

Express Messenger Brains  
One, and Shoots His  
Companion.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., March 13.—After braining one robber with a mallet, Express Messenger Sam Trousdale, of San Antonio killed a second bandit with the dead robber's revolver and prevented the looting of Southern Pacific Train No. 9, near Sanderson, Tex., shortly after midnight today. The train carried over \$10,000 in cash and valuables in the registered mail.

The robbers boarded the train at Dryden and when a few miles out, climbed to the engine and covering the engineer, ordered the train stopped. The robbers then separated from the rest of the train and the engineer ordered to run two miles down the track. One robber kept the engineer covered while the other looked after Trousdale.

The express messenger, at the orders of the robber, began opening mail sacks, but catching the bandit off guard, Trousdale struck him a terrific blow over the head with a mallet, killing him instantly. He took the dead man's gun and when the second robber started back from the engine to the baggage car to aid in looting the mail and express packages, Trousdale shot him to death. The engine and two cars were then backed up to the rest of the train, the coaches and Pullmans were couched on and the entire train proceeded to Sanderson with the dead robbers aboard.

## Famous Bible Used To Open Conference

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., March 13.—With the reading of a Scriptural lesson from an old Asbury Bible, one of the relics of the establishment of Methodism in the United States, the one hundred and twenty-fifth annual Philadelphia Methodist Episcopal conference began here today. Bishop Thomas B. Neely, of New Orleans, called the session to order. There are four hundred delegates in attendance.

## TO BAR ARMS FROM MEXICO.

A report in favor of the passage of a resolution requesting President Taft to prevent the shipment of arms and munitions of war into Mexico was adopted by the Senate Foreign Relations Committee.

### THOUSAND KILLED.

ROME, March 13.—An official announcement by the war office says 1,000 Turks and Arabs were killed in fighting yesterday at Benghazi, Tripoli. The Italian loss was twenty-nine killed and sixty-two wounded. The Italian commander reports the capture of 200 Turkish positions after hard fighting.

## PARKER EULOGIZES GOMPERS AT TRIAL BEFORE 5 JURISTS

Quotes Taft in Defense of  
Labor Chiefs Accused  
of Contempt.

"Not a deceiver, not a man who lies—there must be something substantial about this person who has been at the head of a great organization for twenty-eight years."

Thus did Judge Alton B. Parker eulogize Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, today in his masterful forensic effort in defense of the labor chief and his two colleagues, Vice President Mitchell and Secretary Morrison, on trial for contempt of court.

"I ask you to believe him when he tells you that he did nothing to further the boycott against the Buckle Store and Jane Adams, of Hull House, was an effective," urged Judge Parker.

Then the one-time nominee for President took up each alleged contemptuous statement and argued that it was not intended to aid or abet the boycott, but rather an appeal for remedial legislation to prevent the abuse of the writ of injunction. He drew a fine line of demarcation between "contempt" and "charitable criticism," but added that he regretted that his clients had indulged in the latter.

The attorney besought the court to view the offense charged from the angle of the accused, to consider their earnestness—their belief in the right to exercise the liberty of free speech and free press.

Quoting from a speech made by President Taft before the American Bar Association in 1895, Judge Parker argued that the Chief Executive had plainly declared that criticism of the courts was altogether wholesome and was the only instrument in the hands of the people to curb justices who had a life tenure of office.

Judge Parker denied that he had ever

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## BRILLIANT ARRAY OF VOTE SEEKERS STORMS CONGRESS

Suffragist Orators Address  
Pleas to Senate and  
House Committees.

A score of women speakers this morning urged the committees of the House and Senate to report favorably to their respective bodies a constitutional amendment which will enable them to vote. More than 100 women attended the hearings, having come to lend the moral support of their presence, as well as to hear the ablest oratory which the woman suffrage movement can command.

The hearings were held before the Senate Woman Suffrage Committee and the House Committee on Judiciary. Senator Overman presided at the Senate side, but in the House office building Jane Adams, of Hull House, was accorded the privilege of conducting the hearing.

Every argument heretofore advanced in the suffrage cause and some new ones were brought forth by the speakers. Far more women would have listened to

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## ARRAIGNMENT OF MRS. GRACE HALTED

Absence of Motive Causes Police  
to Delay Prosecution  
of Woman.

ATLANTA, Ga., March 13.—Left without any discernible motive with which to push their charge against Mrs. Eugene H. Grace in connection with the shooting of her husband, the authorities today determined to postpone a preliminary arraignment of the wife until it becomes more certain whether the husband will live. Today physicians think he stands a good chance to recover, though he will probably be paralyzed for life.

Today's developments were the testimony of friends of the couple that Grace had a "nervous influence" over her wife; that Mrs. Grace announced that she would take a life insurance policy of \$25,000 life insurance, of which she was the beneficiary, and that Mrs. Grace had lavished money on her husband, a better which the prosecution first alleged Grace was forced to write, and which stated that a friend might spend the night with him, now is believed to have been written by Grace without any dictation. Police are now searching for another woman in the mystery.

On advice of her counsel, Mrs. Grace is refusing all visitors. Guards hired by her attorneys supplement the regular jail force in keeping callers away. Even detectives were refused admission to her cell yesterday.

## MRS. GAGE PLANS ACTIVE FIGHT TO OBTAIN FREEDOM

Holds Conference at Asylum  
With Mrs. Lockwood,  
Her New Counsel.

### WILL RECEIVE NO AID FROM BROTHER

Newark Prosecutor Leaves City  
Without Taking Any Steps to  
Liberate Sister.

Despite the efforts of her daughter and Mrs. B. A. Lockwood, the well-known woman lawyer, who was retained as counsel early this morning, Mrs. Mary E. Gage, is still held at the Government Hospital for the Insane on a charge of insanity, growing out of alleged threats against Charles J. Bell, president of the American Security and Trust Company.

A lengthy conference between mother and daughter and Mrs. Lockwood is being held at the asylum this afternoon, at which Mrs. Gage, who is personally directing her own fight for her liberty, will decide upon the steps to be taken by her counsel. Accompanied by Miss Margaret Gage, and James B. O'Reilly, a prominent attorney of Denver, Colo., Mrs. Lockwood went to the asylum shortly after noon.

### No Aid From Brother.

Mrs. Gage will receive no aid from her brother, Wilbur J. Mott, prosecuting attorney of Newark, N. J., who came to New York yesterday morning to look after his sister's interests. Mr. Mott has declined to take any action whatever toward the liberation of his sister, and left for his home this morning. From statements made by Mr. Mott and the change of counsel decided on by Mrs. Gage this morning, it is thought that a disagreement has occurred between either Mrs. Gage and her brother or Mr. Mott and his niece.

Asked whether or not he would return to Washington later and institute proceedings for the release of his sister in the event that her present advisers fail to have her released from custody, Mr. Mott declared he could not say. He declined to state whether or not he thought his sister insane or the victim of an hallucination, but acknowledged that he thought her eccentric.

"I will not participate in any action for the liberation of my sister," said Mr. Mott, as he was leaving the New Willard Hotel for the Union Station shortly before 11 o'clock this morning. "I see no good that I can do here. I have considered the matter of instituting habeas corpus proceedings, but I do not do so at this time. It is hard to say whether or not I will have anything to do at any time in the future with any action toward the liberation of my sister from the asylum. I am undecided at this time."

### Mrs. Lockwood Retained.

That Mrs. Lockwood had been retained as counsel for Mrs. Gage instead of William Earl Ambrose, who was to institute proceedings for the release of the woman today, became known this morning. Miss Margaret Gage, the woman's daughter, was at the office of Mrs. Lockwood shortly after 9 o'clock. Together the two women and Attorney O'Reilly, of Denver, Colo., who merely acted as their escort and will not take any part in the case, went to the Federal building.

There they spent several hours looking over the warrant on which Mrs. Grace was arrested, investigating the complaints made against her. Two complaints are made in the warrant, one charging insanity and the other charging Mrs. Grace with threatening the life of the millionaire banker. "The criminal charge is suspended pending the insanity proceedings," it was stated.

After nearly an hour's conference in the office of Assistant United States Attorney Ralph Oliver, the two women and Mr. O'Reilly went to the Government Hospital for the Insane.

"Everything is too mixed at this time to say just what action I intend to take toward gaining Mrs. Grace's liberty," said Mrs. Lockwood at the Police

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## IN CONGRESS TODAY

SENATE.  
Senate met at noon.

Executive meeting held to consider the Pitney nomination. Vote will be taken at 4 this afternoon.

Women suffragists heard before Women Suffrage Committee.

Interstate Commerce Committee hears R. P. Schwan on the Bristol Bay relative to railroads owning interest in competing shipping lines.

Foreign Relations Committee favors resolution to prohibit shipment of arms and ammunition to Mexico.

HOUSE.  
House met at noon.

Disarmament Committee held hearing on universal transfers.

Woman suffragists appeared before Judiciary Committee.

Brig. Gen. Crowder witness before committee investigating Ray case.

Ways and Means Committee considered bills to increase whisky shrinkage allowance.